

New Jersey

Average score

61%

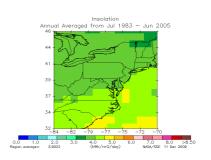
Highest Lowest

129% 21%

Practical effect to be expected of SolarDrive S2E (200 W)

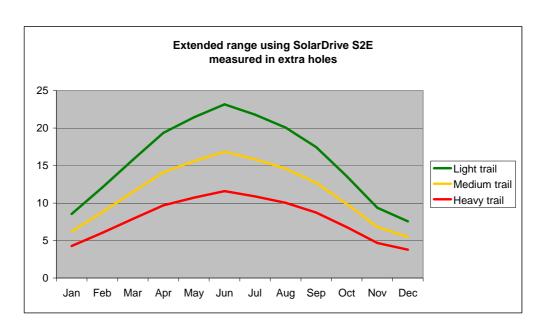
Trail type - golf course	Light N	Heavy			
Consumption	18 holes	kWh	0.80	1.10	1.60
Power production	High (best month)	kWh	1.03	1.03	1.03
PRP* supplied by SolarDrive S2E	High (best month)	kWh	129%	94%	64%
Power production	Low (weakest month)	kWh	0.34	0.34	0.34
PRP* supplied by SolarDrive S2E	Low (weakest month)	kWh	42%	31%	21%
Power production	Yearly Average	kWh	0.67	0.67	0.67
PRP* supplied by SolarDrive S2E	Yearly Average	kWh	84%	61%	42%

^{*}Percentage of Required Power



Basic data

Nominal effect	kW	0.200							Lat.	39.5	Lon.	-75	
Solar insolation	Jan	Feb	Mar	Apr	May	Jun	Jul	Aug	Sep	Oct	Nov	Dec	Average
kWh/m2/day**	2.02	2.86	3.78	4.72	5.31	5.83	5.53	5.08	4.38	3.35	2.27	1.80	3.91
Avg. day temperature (C)	5.07	6.21	9.76	14.9	20.2	25.1	27.8	27.1	24.1	18.7	13.2	7.64	16.7
Avg. day temperature (F)	41.1	43.2	49.6	58.8	68.4	77.2	82.0	80.8	75.4	65.7	55.8	45.8	62.1
Temperature loss factor	1.00	1.00	0.99	0.97	0.95	0.94	0.93	0.93	0.94	0.96	0.98	0.99	0.91
System loss factor	0.94	0.94	0.94	0.94	0.94	0.94	0.94	0.94	0.94	0.94	0.94	0.94	0.94
Expected output kWh	0.38	0.54	0.70	0.86	0.95	1.03	0.97	0.89	0.78	0.60	0.42	0.34	0.67
Percentage of consumpti	on driving 1	8 golf hole	s on										
	Jan	Feb	Mar	Apr	May	Jun	Jul	Aug	Sep	Oct	Nov	Dec	Average
Light trail	47%	67%	88%	108%	119%	129%	121%	111%	97%	75%	52%	42%	84%
Medium trail	35%	49%	64%	78%	87%	94%	88%	81%	71%	55%	38%	31%	61%
Heavy trail	24%	33%	44%	54%	60%	64%	61%	56%	49%	38%	26%	21%	42%
Additional golf holes using	ng SolarDrive	e on Top											
3	Jan	Feb	Mar	Apr	May	Jun	Jul	Aug	Sep	Oct	Nov	Dec	Average
Light trail	9	12	16	19	21	23	22	20	17	14	9	8	15
Medium trail	6	9	11	14	16	17	16	15	13	10	7	5	11
Heavy trail	4	6	8	10	11	12	11	10	9	7	5	4	8



208

Potential CO2 savings/car/year***

121

to

Disclaimer:

SolarDrive takes no responsability for the correctness of the basic data obtained from NASA nor for the actual experienced results. The figures above is presented as a guideline only. The actual result may be influenced by many other factors as well e.g. length of course, battery watering, altitude, time of year, time of day, present weather conditions, local shades from houses, trees, mountains, tire inflation, general maintenance etc.

kilos

267

to

459 lbs.

^{**}Source: NASA Langley Research Center Atmospheric Science Data Center (22 year average) ***CO2 savings are calculated compared to grid electricity supplied from modern power plants burning fossil fuels (0.49-0.85 kg CO2/kWh)

^{****}If battery charge level is low from the start the S2E must be allowed the necessary time to charge as the energy is accumulated over the day